Hillsborough Recorder

UNION, THE CONSTITUTION AND THE LAWS—THE GUARDIANS OF OUR LIBERTIES.

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BIRDIE IN THE HOME NEST.

"Have you not forgotten some one?"

The child had risen from her knees, and lifted her soft brown eyes to her mother's face.

"Have you not forgotten some one?"

A shade of thought fell over the child's countenance, as her mother, almost a child herself, gravely repeated the question.

"Who, mamma?" she asked; then, before her mother could reply, she said, "Oh yes, I did forget," and dropping on her knees, clasped her dimpled hands, and with shut eyes, and face upturned, spoke these words to our Father in heaven:

"Bless dear papa, and make him good and happy."

As the gentle young mother kissed her darling, she shut her eyelids tightly to keep the tears from falling over her cheeks.

"You must never forget dear papa," said the mother. It was only by an effort that she was able to speak with a steady voice, for her heart was moved by some strong feelings that she wished to hide.

"I won't again," answered the child, and then added, "I don't know what made me forget. I always do pray for him. Oh, I wish he were here to kiss me before I go to sleep. Tell him to kiss me when he comes home—won't you, mamma? May be I'll know it in my dreams."

The mother's shut lids would hold the tears no longer. Large round drops fell on the child's forehead.

"O, mother dear!" the little one exclaimed, throwing her arms about her mother's neck, "what makes you cry? Is it because I forgot papa in my prayers? Oh, I'll never forget him again. I can't tell what made me."

For a little while arms were clasped tightly around the child, and her head held closely against her mother's breast. Then good nights were said, and good night kisses were exchanged. Soon after, the only sound heard in the room was the soft breathing of a child asleep.

For over an hour the young mother sat in the still chamber alone with her little one. Then she went to an adjoining room, and sat by an open window listening to the footsteps that came and went along the pavement, never catching the sound for which her quick ear harkened. Often she sighed; but she spoke no words of weariness or complaint.

Another hour passed, when, returning to the room where her child slept, she undressed herself and lying down with an arm under the head, and her cheek against the face of her little one, was soon lost in slumber.

All was not right with the young mother, such tears as she held so closely beneath her shut lids, that they might not fall, are not tears of joy.

One loved by her, oh, so tenderly!—the father of her sweet child—was absent; and always when he was away her heart felt lonely.

Where was he? What held him away from his wife and little one, now that the day was over? Why did the darling of his heart pray for him at bed time instead of giving him her good night kiss? Had business taken him to another city? Was he absent at the call of duty? Ah, if we could answer, yes! But we cannot.

Across the great city, in a room miles away from that in which angels watched lovingly over the sleeping mother and child, half a dozen young men were gathered around a table on which supper had been served. They had eaten and drank, and now sat smoking. Waiters cleared off the table, and brought in bottles of wine, and glasses.

More wine! Had they not been drinking freely at supper? Yes, too freely. But they who are "long at the wine," grow thirstier the more they drink, until sense and reason are too often drowned.

"Let me fill your glass," said one of the company to a young man whose clear eyes, calm mouth and smooth forehead, gave no signs of an evil or depraved life. Looking at him, and then at his companions, any one would have seen that he was out of place and in danger.

"Nothing more at present," answered the young man, who had already taken, with his supper, as much wine as he felt it prudent to drink.

Without heeding this reply, the one who had addressed him filled the young man's glass and also his own.

"To birdie sin the home-nest!" he said, lifting his glass.

The young man thus challenged, raised the wine and held it between his eyes and the light.

"To birdie in the home nest!" Ah, the tempter miscalculated the power of that sentence. He meant evil to the young man, but God had put this thought into his mind that he might use him as an agent of good. Just then birdie in the home-nest was saying, "Bless papa, and make him good and happy," and God, who is ever trying to lead his erring children into right ways, heard the prayer, as He hears all prayers that true hearts offer up, and answered it in his own best way.

As the young man held up the glass of amber-colored wine to the light he saw in it the picture of a kneeling child. The face, beautiful as the face of an angel, was tender and very earnest; the large brown eyes had in them a shade of sadness. While he looked, the face and form grew more and more distinct. He saw the sweet lips move, and heard them say, as clearly as if the words had been spoken in his outward ears:

"Bless dear papa, and make him good and happy!"

The glass of wine did not touch his lips.

"Not drink to that!" exclaimed his tempter, in surprise, as he saw the untasted wine.

"Thank you for the toast," answered the young man, rising. "I must look to my birdie in the home-nest."

And bowing to the company he hastily retired. One laughed, another sneered, and another made a coarse jest; while a fourth said, with a gravity of manner that was felt by the rest as a rebuke:

"Our young friend is right. His place is at home with his wife and child, and not here. And there are some of us who, in my opinion, might take a lesson from his example."

A dead silence followed. One looked at another; and crimson spots burnt on cheeks that had on them no signs of shame a little while before.

"No more wine for me," said the last speaker, replying to an invitation to fill his glass.

"I've no patience with this kind of stuff," spoke one of the company, almost angrily. "What has the wine been ordered for, if not to drink?"

He who said this was a gambler in the disguise of a friend. He wished to steal away the reason and conscience of his youthful companions with wine that he might rob them of their money at cards.

As he spoke he filled one glass to the brim, and then pushed the bottle to his neighbor who filled his glass in turn. But when it came to the third in the circle sitting around the table, he passed it on, leaving his own glass empty. The fourth and fifth filled their glasses. Said the one who first passed the bottle, lifting his glass as he spoke:

"Here's to good fellowship." And all but one repeated his toast and drank as he drank. Then the third in the circle filled his glass with water, and rising, said in a clear ringing voice:

"Here's to birdie in the home nest!"

Frowns darkened on his companions' faces. Raising the water to his lips he drank it slowly. As he sat down the glass, he looked at the angry face of the gambler, whose real character he more than half suspected, and bowing slightly, said:

"I also thank you for that toast; and I also will look to my birdie in the home-nest."

Then bowing low to the company he left the room, amid the sounds of curses as he shut the door.

The young man whose refusal to drink any more had first broken in that company the charmed circle of danger, walked hurriedly away, turning his steps homeward. He was, as we have said, miles distant, and at the opposite extremity of a great city. Hurriedly he walked at first; then his steps grew slower, and his head was bent down, for painful and self-condemning thoughts were in his mind. A street car passed; it would have taken him, in less than an hour, within a few blocks of his home. Why did he let it go by unheeded? Was thought so busy that he had forgotten he could ride?

No, that was not the reason. He had drank too freely at the supper table, and he knew that his breath was tainted with liquor; and now that a new light had come into his mind, and he saw, as in a mirror, a true image of himself, he was shocked to discover that he was less a true man than in days passed, and less worthy to bear the name of husband and father. This was the reason why his steps were slow and his head bowed down; and the reason why he did not take the car, and pass quickly homeward. He shrank from the thought of laying his tainted lips upon the pure brow and lips of his wife and child, and so revealing to them the weak and sensual side of his character which was holding him back from a nobler and purer life than the one he was living.

Slowly he continued to walk, still with bowed head and busy thoughts and memories. Suddenly there came before him, even more clearly, if possible, than when he saw it in the amber wine, the image of his kneeling child; and again the voice, so full of sweet music for his ears, was heard with strange distinctness, saying:

"Bless dear papa, and make him good and happy."

Could God have answered the petition of that loving child for her father in any better or more effectual way than by sending the words of her prayer to his inward ear by the voice of an angel? He could not make him good and happy except through repentance and a better life; but he could make the prayer a means of conviction and repentance. So the good Lord is ever using us, whether we are children or grown up men and women, and using us by thousands of different ways, in the work of leading others from evil courses into paths of virtue and peace. And we are always better instruments in his hands, if we are pure and good, than if we are selfish and evil—in some way we do not clearly understand—our loving desires actually pass to others and move their hearts. And so, if we are pure and true, our influence over those we love, even when they are away from us, will be for good. The image of his kneeling child seen again so distinctly, and her sweet voice lifted heavenward in prayer for him, heard again with such startling clearness, so touched the father's heart that he clasped his hands passionately together, and looking upward, exclaimed:

"O Lord, I am not worthy of anything so pure and precious as this child—one of the little ones whose angels are ever before thy face."

A deep quiet fell upon his soul as he bowed his head once more and walked, still moving slowly onward. And now, contrasted with the innocence, sweetness and purity of his wife and child, stood out before him an image of himself that mad shame spots burn on his cheeks as if fire had touched them. "Give me strength to lead a new and better life," he prayed, as he moved along the street. "This night I have turned my back upon evil that was opening its jaws to devour me. This night I set my feet in a new way. Let thy power, O Lord, pass into my resolutions, and I shall be saved."

Home at last. It had taken him nearly two hours from the time he turned so resolutely away from his dissolute companions. Entering very quietly, he went first to the bath room, where he washed his hands and face, and carefully cleansed his mouth to remove, if possible, all smell of liquor or tobacco smoke.

How silent it was. How strangely he felt. Softly he opened the chamber door and stood in the presence of his wife and child. How peacefully they slept! Their faces lay close together, both so young and fresh—so tender and sweet that they looked like sisters, instead of mother and child.

A little while he remained bending above them. Great waves of tenderness came sweeping over his heart. They had never seemed so lovely and precious. Stooping, at length, for he could no longer restrain himself, he touched his lips to the fair forehead of his wife. Then he kissed the little one who had said, ere she went to sleep, "Tell him kiss me when he comes home, mamma, won't you? May be I'll know it in my dreams."

An angel must have told it to her now, for while yet the touch of his lips was warm on her lips, a glad light flooded her countenance. As the light faded slowly off, her lips moved, and she said, still sleeping, yet speaking out clearly—"Bless dear papa, and make him good and happy."

The father's heart was too strongly moved already to bear this without losing his self control. A sob heaved his breast. Then clasping his arms about his sleeping treasures, he hugged them passionately to his heart.

"God bless you and keep you from all evil, and make me worthy of you my darlings!"

This was the sentence, spoke in fervor, that met the ears of his waking wife and child.

We cannot picture, in words, the joy that filled the young wife's heart when the full meaning of all this came like a great light into her soul.

She never sat lonely in the night watches again, awaiting with a shadowed spirit for the loved but absent one, in fear of the very thoughts that went out after him. And few and far between were the times that the little angel of their home asked that a kiss might be given which she could feel only in her dreams.

Little ones, pray for them who are dear to your hearts. The angels are nearer to you, because of your innocence, than they are to those who are older and less pure, and they can often give to your prayers a power for good that will fall in blessings on those you love. *T. S. Arthur.*

The Palestine Exploration Society have sent out a second expedition, from which most interesting results are already received. Besides surveying the whole of Philistia, and a large part of the Jordan valley, and of Moab and Gilead, they have made excavations in Jerusalem which promise to throw much light on its ancient topography, and settle many vexed questions. Thus the courses of the three walls described by Josephus may by treaced, and perhaps the exact site of the Holy Sepulchre and of the Temple may be decided. The huge stones in the foundation of the Temple are being laid bare, at the depth of ninety feet. The "pinnacle of the Temple" where Christ was tempted is proved to have an elevation of 136 feet; and the bridge between Zion and Moriah—the "ascent" by which Solomon went up to the house of the Lord—is proved to have been more than 156 feet high, and may well have excited, as it did, the wonder of the queen of Sheba. Many acqueducts, cisterns, and passages in rocks are found beneath the Temple area, and are expected to give valuable help towards a knowledge of the arrangements and services of the Temple. The visit of the Sultan to England helped to smooth the way for these researches.

A Missionary's Success.—A remarkable instance of success as a missionary, is offered by the history of an English missionary, Mr. Tucker, in Tinnevelly, India. In twenty-one years he was instrumental in rescuing thirty-one hundred persons from heathenism and Romanism. He witnessed the voluntary destruction, by the worshippers, of forty Pagan temples, with the idols in them. He established sixty schools, and built sixty-six church edifices.

Miss Greenough, aged seventeen year was burned to death on Sunday night, at Burlington, Vt., her clothes taking fire from the explosion of a kerosene lamp.

Hillsboraugh Recorder.

HILLSBOROUGH, N. C.

Wednesday, March 4, 1868.

The Jewelry store of Lemuel Lynch, Esq., in this place, was entered on Thursday night the 27th of February, by means of removing the brick and forcing an enterance through the fire place. The whole transaction was the boldest and most adroit piece of villany we ever heard of. Mr. Lynch's son was sleeping in a back room of the store, and from all the circumstances, the Burglars must have placed him under the influence of chloroform, or some other powerful opiate, or they could not have accomplished their designs so successfully. His room was entered, and his cloths, lying only a few inches from his head, were rifled, his keys taken from his pocket, his candle lighted, and his desk opened. The next morning his keys were found on the street in front of the store. They then returned to the front store, and stole some eight or ten silver watches, a large lot of fine and costly jewelry breast pins and ear rings, pocket knives, watch crystals, watch keys and chains; also a lot of his small files, punches, cutting and flat pliers, eye glasses and watch hammers, and then retired out of the front door, leaving it open. Mr. Lynch estimates his loss at $500. No man's property is safe, nor even his life. The young man was evidently foully dealt with, from his appearance next morning; his face was swolen, his eye blackened, and he had an indistinct recollection of seeing two persons standing over him, and hearing steps in his room, but had no power to move or speak.

No customer's watches or work was taken. Watchmakers and others are requested to notice if any articles of the kind above enumerated are found in suspicious hands.

FROM WASHINGTON.

It is stated that Secretary Stanton has countermanded the order of Gen. Grant, and restored the Freedmen's Bureau to Kentucky.

The articles of impeachment were reported to the House on Saturday and debated. The debate was to be concluded on Monday, and the articles presented to the Senate on Tuesday.

The procedure in impeachment was under consideration in the Senate the whole day on Saturday. Considerable difference in opinion was manifested in regard to the details.

The probabilities of success in the impeachment movement are said to be weakening.

GEORGIA.—In the Georgia State Convention, on Thursday last, a resolution was passed to remove the State capital from Milledgeville to Atlanta.

CONSERVATIVE NOMINATIONS.

The Conservative State Executive Committee met in the city of Raleigh on Friday last, and made the following nominations for State officers, viz:

For Governor—Zebulon V Vance, of Mecklenburg.

Lieutenant Governor—Col Edward D Hall, of New Hanover.

Secretary of State—Robert W Best, of Greene.

Treasurer—Kemp B Battle of Wake.

Auditor—S W Burgin, of Buncombe.

Superintendent of Public Works—Samuel F Patterson, of Caldwell.

Superintendent of Public Instruction—Rev Braxton Craven, of Randolph.

Attorney General—Sion H Rogers, of Wake.

Supreme Court Judges—Richmond M Pearson, of Yadkin; William H Battle, of Orange; Edwin G Reade, of Person.

And also, if the number of Judges shall be increased to five as proposed in the Convention, Mathias E Manly, of Craven, and A G Merrimon, of Buncombe.

SUBERIOR COURT.

1st. District—David A Barnes, of Hertford.
2nd. Edward J Warren, of Beaufort.
3rd. George W Strong, of Wayne.
4th. William S Devane, of New Hanover.
5th. R P Buxton, of Cumberland.
6th. R B Gilliam, of Granville.
7th. Thomas Ruffin, Jr., of Alamance.
8th. Francis E Shober, of Rowan.
9th. William M Shipp, of Lincoln.
10th. Anderson Mitchell, of Iredell.
11th. John L Bailey, of Buncombe.
12th. A T Davidson, of Macon.

The election of these officers will take place, we suppose, at the same time that the new Constitution will be submitted for confirmation or rejection.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

The Republican State Nominating Convention, which assembled in the city of Raleigh last week, present the following as their State Ticket:

For Governor—W W Holden, of Wake.

Lieutenant Governor—Tod R Caldwell, of Burke.

Secretary of State—H J Henninger, of Craven.

Treasurer—David A Jenkins, of Gaston.

Auditor—Henderson Adams, of Davidson.

Superintendent of Public Works—Cubern L Harris, of Rutherford.

Superintendent of Public Instruction—Samuel S Ashley, of New Hanover.

Attorney General—William M Coleman, of Wake.

Supreme Court Judges—Richmond M Pearson, of Yadkin; William R Rodman, of Beaufort; Robert P Dick, of Guilford.

SUPERIOR COURT.

1st. District—Charles C Pool, of Pasquotank.
2nd. Edmund W Jones, of Washington.
3rd. Charles R Thomas, of Craven.
4th. Daniel L Russell, Jr., Brunswick.
5th. Ralph P Buxton, of Cumberland,
6th. Samuel W Watts, of Martin.
7th. Thomas Settle, of Rockingham.
8th. Darius H Starbuck, of Forsythe.
9th. George W Logan, of Rutherford.
10th, Anderson Mitchell, of Iredell.
11th. J W Bowman, of Mitchell.
12th. Riley W Cannon, of Jackson.

IMPEACHMENT REGULATIONS.

Washington, Feb. 28, P. M.—The day after the articles are presented, the Senate is to resolve itself into a Court at one o'clock. A quorum of the Senate constitutes a quorum of the Court. After the trial commences, the Court sits daily.

Legislation will proceed during the recesses of the Court. The final argument will be made by two on each side, the House having the opening speeches. All orders and decisions to be made by yeas and nays, without debate on the part of Senators. Judge Chase presides. The President need not appear in person. The oath of Senators is, that in all things appertaining to the pending impeachment I will do impartial justice according to the Constitution and laws, so help me God.

The Court compels attendance and punishes contempt and may call the army and navy to its support. The Court sits with open doors.

NO SUSPENSION OF THE PRESIDENT.—Much of the feverishness in the public mind in regard to the impeachment proceedings, arises from the supposition that Congress will attempt to suspend the President while the trial is in progress, that he will resist the same, and that serious difficulties will ensue.

From what we can learn there is not the least ground to believe that it will be attempted to suspend the President; on the contrary, the indications are that the impeachment trial will go on under the usual well established forms of procedure, and with full time allowed for deliberate consideration, such as is due to the importance and dignity of the question and the office.

Star of 25th.

MR. CHASE IS READY.—The question has been raised whether the other engagements of Chief Justice Chase would not compel him to defer the impeachment trial; but it is stated no obstacles will intervene.

Forney.

GEORGIA CONVENTION.

Atlanta, Feb. 28, P. M.—Section third of the Judiciary Department, as adopted today, provides that until the General Assembly shall authorize differently, there shall be a District Judge and a District Attorney for each Senatorial District in the State. Said Court to determine all affairs not punishable with death or imprisonment in the Penitentiary.

Paragraph 1. section 8, provides that Judges of the Supreme, Superior and District Courts, the Attorney General and District Attorney, shall be appointed by the Governor, a majority of the Senate consenting. One Justice of the Peace to each District, to be elected by the people for a term of four years.

We are authorized by the Special Agent, Dr. Jobe, to state that the Department at Washington declines, at present, owing to the heavy expenses it is incurring, to add to the mail routes beyond those already advertised and let. This is stated for information, especially to those who are asking for new routes. We are satisfied that Dr. Jobe has made every effort to increase our mail facilities, but has thus far failed from the cause above given. *Standard.*

RETURNING HOME.—We are gratified to see that several farmers in this section of the State, who moved away in 1865 and '67, are returning, satisfied that they cannot better their condition. Unfortunately, many have returned much poorer than they left. But we are glad to see them back, anyhow. *Charlotte Democrat.*

The term of twenty-one United States Senators will expire on the 4th of March 1869, of whom fourteen are Republican and seven Democratic.

THE FREEDMAN'S BUREAU.—The order discontinuing the Freedmen's Bureau in Maryland, Tennessee and Kentucky went into effect on Saturday.

Mrs. "Stonewall" Jackson has received $15,000 for the sale of the life of her husband.

PUBLIC MEETING IN ORANGE.

Pursuant to previous notice, a large and respectable portion of the people of Orange assembled in the Court House in Hillsborough on Tuesday the 25th, when the following proceedings were had:

The meeting was organized by calling Capt. John Berry to the chair, and Thomas Wilson to the desk to act as secretary.

On motion of W. W. Guess, the Chairman appointed C. E. Parish, M. W. Moore, Capt. John F. Lyon, W. W. Guess, and Addison Mangum, a committee to prepare resolutions for the consideration of the meeting.

The Chairman upon taking his seat, explained the object of the meeting in a few well timed remarks upon the state of the country and the duty of the citizen. He concluded by saying, he saw before him gentlemen who had filled high places in the councils of the nation, and he knew this large gathering of the people was to hear them, not him.

When the committee retired, the Hon. W. A. Graham was loudly called for, and for more than an hour he entertained the largest meeting assembled in Orange for many years, in a speech that few can equal and none surpass. After the conclusion of Gov. Graham's speech, the committee returned, and through their chairman reported the following resolutions:

Resolved, That it is cause for general and public rejoicing to see the people of North Carolina again taking their own affairs in their own hands, by holding public meetings and discussing public measures.

Resolved, That we endorse and heartily approve the principles laid down by the great Conservative meeting recently held in the city of Raleigh.

Resolved, That we are in favor of a White Man's Government in a White Man's Country.

Resolved, That as the capacity of the negro for self government has not been proved by his past history in any part of the world, so it is disproved by its actual condition at the present time.

Resolved, That laws which affect the social relations of a people are only to be ventured on with caution, and are attended with danger, and that a forced equality of races involves a calamity to the black race no less than degradation to the white.

Resolved, That no organized government can continue to exist without limitations on its power, and that such limitations as have heretofore been placed on the right of suffrage, while it leaves negroes in a worse condition than minors, indians, women and foreigners, are proper and just; that while bad rulers may die or be displaced, the prostitution of the ballot and the pollution of the source of popular government is, in a republic, the crown of evils and a calamity which admits of no civil remedy.

Resolved, That we are in favor of the equality of the negro before the law, but not of his power over the law.

Resolved, That we consider those who are attempting, by disfranchisement of whites and enfranchisement of negroes, to accomplish the Africanizing of the state and the surrender of the government to negroes, to be the enemies of good government.

Resolved, That all citizens of the county and state who concur in these views, are urged to give the same their hearty and active support; and without regard to former differences of opinion, to use all honorable means to secure their adoption by the people.

Resolved, That President Johnson has, in his veto essages, submitted arguments for our Constitutional rights that our and his enemies cannot answer, and for it he diserves the thanks of all friends of good government, social order and civil liberty.

The resolutions were unanimously adopted.

The Hon. Josiah Turner was then called for who responded in his usual happy and eloquent manner, giving the League a few sensible hints, and telling the people to go to work in earnest and maintain the honor, the integrity of the county and the State.

In compliance with the plan of organization, the Chairman appointed the following as county executive committee:

Thomas Squires, A. W. Cheek, Dr. John J. Allison, Washington Jordan, James McAdams, Hugh Woods, William J. Gray, Dr. Wm. R. Hughes, Capt. William K. Parrish, Lambert W. Hall, Joseph Woods, Capt. Addison Mangum, Col. D. C. Parrish, G. W. Jones, M. A. Angiers, W. W. Guess, John McCowan, Major Green, Alexander Dickson, John F Lyon, Jones Watson, R. B. Saunders, Alvis Durham, Mathew Atwater, H. M. C. Stroud, Thomas D. Oldham, Frank Minor, Lemuel Lynch, Dr. Pride Jones, Levin Carmichael, W. F. Strayhorn, Josiah Turner, Jr., and C. E. Parish.

After thanks to the Chairman and Secretary, and an order that the proceedings of the meeting be published in the Hillsborough Recorder and Raleigh Sentinel, the Chairman adjourned the meeting sine die.

JOHN BERRY, Chair'n.
THOMAS WILSON, Sec'y.

THE ISSUE IN NORTH CAROLINA.

Whatever may be the result of the legislation now being concocted in Congress in regard to the admission of Alabama into the Union, in the face of the legal rejection of the Constitution, it can have no effect upon the issue in this State. During the session of the Conservative Convention in Raleigh, before the result of the Alabama election was known, the policy best to be pursued in this State was fully discussed, and it was decided that we should make a direct issue with the Radicals and attempt to defeat the iniquitous Constitution they were "fixing up" by voting it down rather than to do so indirectly by not voting. Whatever may have been the error in not adopting the non-action policy at the first election, there could be no doubt in regard to the manner of meeting the issues at stake in the next.

Even had there been a disposition to have adopted the same policy which has proved so successful in Alabama, a bill had already passed the lower House of Congress, and was pending in the Senate, requiring only a majority of the votes cast to adopt the Constitutions to be proposed to the Southern States, and it was thought that it would pass. And we have no doubt, even if Alabama is not forced into the Union under the Radical Constitution in direct violation of the Reconstruction Acts, which now seems highly probably, that the Acts will be so amended before any other of the "unreconstructed" States vote that this mode of defeating the Radical plan of Reconstruction will be denied.

It was, therefore, decided that the Conservative people of this State should meet the issue directly, and the party now appeals to every white man in the State to do his whole duty. With thirty thousand white majority, which will probably be increased to forty thousand, the white men of North Carolina will indeed be recreant to their race and inimical to their best interests if they do not defeat the base schemes for negro equality, political and civil, which the emissaries of Radicalism are attempting to force upon us. Men cannot and must not excuse themselves from indifference to interfere in the politics of the country; certainly they must not be frightened by Radical threats. Something more than mere political principles are involved—it is a life and death struggle for every interest and feeling we hold dear—a contest for the future glory and prosperity of the South on the one hand, and its certain ruin and impoverishment on the other. "To this complexion has it come," and when we hear men still express their determination to withhold their aid to their fellow men in this vital contest, we suspect either their patriotism or their courage, or have but little respect for their discretion. Again we tell the people we cannot afford to be defeated.

WHAT RADICALISM HAS DONE FOR THE SOUTH AND THE COUNTRY.

Hon. A. G. G. Thurman, Senator elect from Ohio, in a recent speech at Mansfield, in that State, stated some facts which are well calculated to impress the people of the North with the direct interest which they have in restoring the peace and prosperity of the South. Speaking of the taxes derived from internal revenue alone, Mr. Thurman says that the amount paid by the whole ten of the Southern States for the last fiscal year was $19,683,740; in the same year Ohio paid $25,081,409, so that the Southern States, which formerly paid their full share, if not more, of the taxation of the country, are now so reduced that, in the last fiscal year, Ohio paid $5,387,000 more than them all. Senator Thurman then undertakes to demonstrate that the taxation of the people of this country is far greater than ever was imposed upon any people. In the last fiscal year five hundred millions were collected in taxes by the general government alone. The taxes collected by the States amount to not quite two hundred millions more, making the entire taxation, in round numbers, seven hundred millions of dollars. The gross annual production of the industry of the United States, according to the census of 1860, was two thousand millions of dollars. Allowing for the diminished production of the South, and for increased prices, it is not supposed to be greater now. Thus more than one-third of the whole annual product of the industry of the country is absorbed by taxation. Mr. Thurman then proceeds to inquire what is the net profit of

the production of this country, and taking as a standard the average rate at which money is loaned and borrowed, that being a rule laid down by every writer on political economy to obtain an approximate of the net profits of the production of a country, and assuming ten per cent. as the average rate of interest in the United States, which is certainly high enough, the net profits of the industry of the United States, as the production of agriculture and manufactures of all kinds, would be two hundred millions of dollars. Thus taxation draws from the people five hundred millions a year more than the net profits of all the producing industry of the United States—a great portion of the taxatin, however, being upon non-productive employments, those engaged in buying commodities and selling them again, who, though securing large individual gains, do not increase the wealth of the country a particle. Yet the startling fact remains that one-third of the Gross annual product of the industry of the Country is absorbed by taxation. Such is the price which the people must continue to pay so long as a policy is pursued which renders necessary large military establishments and freedmen's bureaus, and which hands over one of the largest and formerly most productive sections of the country to increasing impoverishment and the prospect of ultimate ruin.

New Railroad Arrangements.—At a meeting of the officers of the North Carolina, Raleigh & Gaston, Wilmington & Weldon Railroads, held in this City on yesterday, an amicable arrangement was made by the Raleigh & Gaston with the N. C. Railroad for the shipment of freights,—the Raleigh & Gaston hereafter to pay the North Carolina Railroad the same profit as if the shipment was *via* Goldsboro. Whilst this is a very profitable arrangement to the North Carolina Railroad, and reflects credit on its managers, it is also advantageous to the R. & G. R. R.

Freights will now go *via* the Raleigh & Gaston, at a great saving of distance, &c.

Raleigh Sentinel.

NOTICE.

A Republican meeting will be held at the Court House in Hillsborough, on Saturday the 7th of March. All Republicans are respectfully invited to attend at 1 o'clock.

Ten Dollars Reward.

INFORMATION wanted of a mouse colored Mare, mane and tail nearly black, fair size, which was traded in Orange county, North Carolina, during Court week at Hillsborough, probably on Tuesday the 25th of February last. The rogue trimmed her tail, and probably her mane. I will give the above reward for any information that will enable me to recover the animal. The rogue was arrested, and the horse for which the mare was traded will be given also, if the mare is returned to me.

Address Rev. R. G. TINNIN, Hillsborough N C
March 4 28—3wp

Twenty-Five Cents Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, on Sunday night the 1st instant, two colord boys, bound to me by the County Court in 1859; the eldest, NATHAN THOMAS HARRIS, about sixteen years old, dark complexion, and spar built, the other, DOCTOR WOODSON HARRIS, about thirteen years old, light complexion, and heavy built. All persons are forbid harboring or employing them under the penalty of the Law.

Fifty cents reward will be given for their apprehension and return to me,

I. W. HALL.
March 4 28—

FOR SALE,
A Valuable Plantation.

PURSUANT to a decree of Orange County Court, February Term, 1868, I will sell to the highest bidder, at the Court House door in Hillsborough, on Monday the 30th day of March next, that valuable tract of land belonging to the estate of HENRY C. STROUD, deceased, containing three hundred and thirty acres, adjoining the lands of Henry Whitted, Josiah Turner, Jr., and others.

Terms of Sale—Twelve months credit, with interest after six months. Bond with three good sureties will be required title reserved, until purchase money is paid. Sale at 12 o'clock.

H. M. C. STROUD, *Adm'r.*
February 26. 28—

CHANGE IN PRICE.

Mr. Pogue offers his Peaches in Cans, at prices to suit all. Try them.

LAGER BEER at Gattis's, a prime article.

LANDRETH'S
GARDEN SEED,

A FRESH SUPPLY, at the
DRUG STORE.
February 12. 26—

CABBAGE SEED,

AND a variety of other Garden Seed. For sale by
JAMES WEBB, Jr.
February 12. 25—

1868. **SPRING TRADE!** 1868.

THE undersigned, returning his thanks to the Merchants and others, who have favored him with their patronage, takes pleasure in announcing to his friends and the public that he is now able to make a further deduction in the wholesale prices of

TIN WARE,

and by using the best material and availing himself of the use of the most improved Machinery, he offers TIN WARE, WHOLESALE AND RETIAL, of superior a quality to any manufactured elsewhere in the State.

He still offers to take in exchange any kind of good barter, but does not want to sell Tin Ware, or any thing else, on time.

E. H. POGUE,
Hillsborough, N. C.
Feb. 12. 25—

ON SALE.

12 KEGS Nails, by the Keg.
31 Boxes Snuff, Virginia Belle,
200 Bales to box, $15 00 per box.
or 10 cents per bale,
Sheet Iron at 11 cents per pound,
Russia Sheet Iron at 25 cents per pound.
Sheet Zinc at 20 cents per pound.
300 lbs. best Leaf Lard.
300 lbs. Sugars, assorted,
100 lbs. best Soda.
200 lbs. Coffee, best Rio,
Pepper, Spice and Ginger,
1 box of very fine Chewing Tobacco.
For Sale by
E. H. POGUE.
Hillsborough.
Feb. 12. 25—

COOKING STOVES.

A GOOD assortment constantly kept on hand, for Sale Cheap. Special attention invited to Buck's Patent, the best stove in the market, which I warrant to give satisfaction in every instance.

Buck's Patent with Pipe and Furniture No. 6 $30.00
Buck's Patent with Pipe and Furniture No. 7 $35 00
Buck's Patent with Pipe and Furniture No. 8 $40,00.

Will take Cash, or good Barter.

E. H. POGUE.
Hillsborough.
Feb 12. 25—

WANTED.

I WANT to buy
RAGS, OLD COPPER AND BRASS,
either for Cash or Trade. I want, in exchange for Goods,

Beeswax, Flaxseed,
Old Castings, Lead,
Zinc, Flour,
Bacon, Corn,

and all kinds of country produce.

E. H. POGUE.
Feb. 12, 25—

LITTLE RIVER SCHOOL.

I WILL commence a school at Little River Academy on Monday the 10th day of February next, to continue for sixteen weeks. Every effort and pains will be taken to teach my pupils.

The charges will be eight dollars for primary English scholars, and ten dollars for higher English, and so on in proportion to the advancement of the pupil.

In consequence of the scarcity of money, I am willing to take pay in any kind of provisions at the market price.

Board can be had in the neighborhood at reasonable rates.

W. S. GUTHRIE.
Jan. 17. 24—

COMPROMISE
AGAINST
BANKRUPTCY.

TO my old customers and friends, and to those that are owing me, a word of consolation and advice. Try and effect a Compromise before going into Bankruptcy. Do your part; you can effect a compromise with me, and I think with all honest creditors. It is both to your and their interest to do so. Make a fair showing and statement, and if you can't pay but ten cents in the dollar, or can't pay any thing, I will be perfectly satisfied, and give you up your paper. If you can pay one hundred cents in the dollar do so; do not be disposed to shirk. You hope to live next year, and you have Children. Remember a great many of you can effect a compromise with your creditors with the amount you pay to Bankrupt officers and Lawyers. I have not warranted or sued any person since the surrender, and I have the consolation to say that I believe I have collected as many old debts and as much money as any concern or individual, in proportion to the same amount due. I think as much of the man that paid me ten cents in the dollar on a compromise, as I do of the man that paid me one hundred cents in the dollar,

My friends, you will feel better by effecting a compromise; you can face with better grace your neighbor that you justly owe.

D. C. PARKS.
Feb. 12. 25—

FRESH ARRIVALS.
February 1st, 1868.
VERY CHEAP FOR CASH OR BARTER.

JAVA Coffee, Laguayra Coffee, Rio Coffee, Syrup, Cider Vinegar, Bacon, Lard, and Salted Beef.

KEROSINE and Aurora Oil, Lamps, Chimneys and Wicks.

HORSE Collars, Trace Chains, Axes, Hoes, Drawing Knives, Steel Hoes, Steel Rakes, Spades, Long and Short Handle Shovels, Sole and Upper Leather, Roe Herring.

All kinds of produce taken for goods the year round.

WANTED.

I particularly want now. Shelled Oats, Leaf and Manufactured Tobacco, Corn, Wheat, Sweet and Irish Potatoes, Cabbage, Butter, Eggs, Pork, Bacon, Lard, Beef, Mutton, and anything else to eat.

JAMES WEBB, Jr.
February 12. 25—

SADDLES, BRIDLES, HARNESS, &c.

THE subscribers desire to inform their friends and the public, that they have opened an establishment for the manufacture of

SADDLES, BRIDLES, HARNESS,

and every thing usually kept in their line of business. They intend to make good work out of good materials, and sell at reasonable rates for money, or country produce delivered when the work is taken from the establishment.

They will be found in the front room of the Hedgpeth Hotel, (remember the place,) ready at all times to attend to repairs, or anything else needed in their line of business.

They earnestly solicit persons to give them a call before purchasing elsewhere, as they are confident they will be able to please, both in quality and price.

A. HEDGPETH & CO.
January 29. 24—

THE LADIES' DELIGHT.

WILL keep constantly on hand, that celebrated Scotch Snuff, in Bladders, put up by M. L. Egerton. Warranted Superior to any made in the United States. For sale by

A. PLEASANTS.
Jan. 29. 24—

BANKRUPT AND DOWER.—IS IT SO?
GENERAL CASH PRICES.

Our losses are as nothing by the Bankrupts. Our losses are by those who Dower upon ours. To Dower upon us is to fail to meet your contracts—in Thirty days—Is it So?

We sell at Cash prices only.

BROWN & Co.
January 20. 23—

NEW CROP
CUBA MOLASSES.

400 HHDS. BRIGHT NEW CROP CLAYED MOLASSES, in Prime New Packages, daily expected per Schooner "PRESTON HOBBS," direct from CARDENAS.

For sale from wharf, LOW for CASH, by

O. G. PARSLEY & CO.
Wilmington, Jan 1. 21—

TWO MONTHS NOTICE.

THOSE who owe us and do not pay by 1st January 1868, will have to settle with an officer

J. C. WEBB & WHITTET,

1ST JANUARY 1868.
SETTLEMENT DAY.

YOUR accounts and notes are ready, both at Hillsborough and at Mebanesville.

Our credit is suffering for want of the money due for goods sold on SHORT TIME, and not paid for yet.

Please pay up either in money or produce, so that we can meet our bills. Our best friends are those who pay up promptly,

J. A. TURRENTINE,
TURRENTINE & DICKSON.
Jan. 5. 21—

FOR SALE.

50 DOZEN Cans Fresh Peaches, 3 lb. Cans (quarts.) at $4,00 per dozen,
15 DOZEN Cans Fresh Peaches, 6 lb. Cans (2 quarts,) at $8.00 per dozen.
Also Cherries, and Blackberries. By

E. H. POGUE.
Feb. 12. 25—

FOR SALE.

1,000 POUNDS Salt Pork Sides,
800 lbs. Salted Pork Shoulders,
800 lbs. Salted Pork Hams.
All very nice country Meat. Low for Cash.
By W. A. GATTIS & Co.
Hillsborough.
Feb. 12 25—

HO! HO! CHRITMAS!!
HERE IS WHERE SANTA CLAUS,
BUYS HIS TRICKS FOR CHILDBEN.

The Best and Fullest Stock of Confectioneries and Toys, ever kept in this Market, &c. &c.

Consisting of

Stick Candy.	Butter Nuts,
French Candy,	English Walnuts,
Rock Candy,	Almond Nuts,
Gum Drops,	Cocoa Nuts,
Cordial Drops,	Figs,
Fancy Kisses,	Oranges,
Maple Sugar,	Lemons.
Raisons,	Sugar Cakes,
Citron,	Soda Crackers.
Cream Candy,	Candles,
Pickles,	Cegars,
French Mustard,	Cheese,
Shot,	Soap.

Apples, by dozen or bushel. Mountain Butter.

Also a new lot of Toys.

In fact every thing to please the Children, &c.

All of which will be sold low for Cash,

By W. A. GATTIS, & Co.
Dec. 10. 18—

NOTICE.
UNITED STATES TAXES.

I WILL attend Hillsborough March Court, for the purpose of receiving the returns of Income, Gains, and Profits, for 1867, and Gold Watches, gold and Silver Plate, &c., held on the first day of March, 1868. And the Assessment of Special Tax from May, 1861, to May 1868

THOMAS M. KIRKLAND,
Assistant Assessor.
Chapel Hill, February, 22 28—

Tan Bark and Hides Wanted.

WE will pay Cash for 150 Cords good Tan Bark, to be delivered by 1st October next. Cash will be paid for Dry or Green Hides, or we will tan them for one half. Dry hides to be tanned on shares may be left at Messrs. Brown & Co. store with owners name on each hide.

W. G. & JAS. NORWOOD.
Feb. 12. 26—1m

W. S. ROULHAC,
OF HILLSBOROUGH, N. C.
WITH
D. 1. WILLIAMS & Co.,
Commission Merchants,
No. 1 Tobacco Exchange,
RICHMOND VA.

Especial attention paid to the sale of Leaf and Manufactured Tobacco, Wheat, Corn, Flour and all articles of Country Produce

Mark your Packages plainly with your name; write us your wishes and they shall be complied with.

☞ Consignments solicited.

W. A. Gattis, & Co.
Dealers in Confectioneries, Family Groceries, &c. &c.
HILLSBOROUGH, N. C.

THE undersigned are still at the old CONFECTIONERY STAND, where they will be pleased to serve their customers and the public generally. Will endeavor to keep constantly on hand a good assortment of

Confectionaries, Candies,
Nuts, Raisins,
Figs, Sardines,
Lobsters, Oysters,
Salmons, Pickles, &c. &c.

ALSO.

Pepper and Spice,
Ginger, Powder and Shot,
Snuff, Tobacco, Herrings, &c. &c.

ALSO.

We invite all to call and see us—the prices shall be right. We will take all kinds of country produce in exchange for goods.

W. A. GATTIS & Co.
August 14. 01—

FURNITURE! FURNITURE!!

WHY spend your money for Northern Furniture, when you can be so well supplied, and on such reasonable terms, by calling on the undersigned at his

WARE ROOM

on Wake Street, between King and Tryon, in Hillsborough, N. C.

Kept on hand, and made to order, Bureaus, Bed Steads, Tables, Chairs, Wardrobes, Washstands, Libraries, Desks, &c. &c.

The very best Mattrasses, to which can be used Tucker's celebrated Spring bottom bed.

Upholstering done to order, with neatness and dispatch. Guilt Moulding for picture frames on hand.

Walnut Coffins from the finest French polish, to North Carolina Pine, kept and fitted up at short notice.

My hearse has been repainted and retrimmed, and burials in town and country attended to.

Repairing of all kinds done on liberal terms. Seats put in old chairs in a neat and cheap manner. Letters of inquiry promptly answered, and orders by mail, when accompanied with the cash, immediately filled.

Encourage home industry. My terms are moderate, as I work on the live and let live principle. Give me a call.

CHARLES L. COOLEY.
Jan. 5. 21—

"MILTON CHRONICLE."

Intending to dissolve my connection with the "DANVILLE TIMES" I embrace this method of announcing my purpose to resume the publication of that old and popular journal, the "MILTON CHRONICLE," in Jan. 1868. Persons wishing to subscribe are requested to forward their names to Milton, N. C. The price of the paper will be $1 50 for six months, or $3 per annum—payable on receipt of the first number, in currency or provisions.

Advertisers will find this paper one of the best advertising mediums in the up Country, and if the business men in Danville, Richmond, Petersburg, Norfolk, Baltimore and N. Nork city, want the use of Printer's ink *that will pay*, let them

ADVERTISE IN THE MILTON CHRONICLE.

I want 1000 subscribers for a start. Caswell, famed for her yellow leaf tobacco, her intelligence, wealth and pretty girls, will furnish five hundred of this number, and Person, no less famed, will roll up 300. Halifax, Va., Granville, Orange, Alamance, and Rockingham, N. C., will more than make up the balance—and Old Pittsylvania will "run the measure over." Forward your names, friends and let all who wish to advertise send along their advertisements.

A Letter from "JESSE HOLMES, The Fool Killer," will be published monthly.

Address me at Milton, N. C.

C. N. B. EVANS.

☞ Brethren of the press will very much oblige me by noticing.

1868.

WE SELL CHEAP.

An Honest man who owes us, will pay us before buying goods elsewhere for Cash.

BROWN & CO.

PIANOS. PIANOS. PIANOS.

CHARLES M. STIEFF,

Manufacturer of

First Premium Grand and Square Pianos,

Factories 84 and 86 Camden street, and
45 and 47 Perry street,

Office and Warerooms, No. 7. N. Liberty street, above Baltimore street,

BALTIMORE, MD.

ALL of our Pianos are of the Grand scale, with A-graffe treble and Ivory fronts, and have all the latest improvements, and fully worranted for five years.

Second hand Pianos and Parlor Organs always on hand, from $50 to $300.

I respectfully refer to the following persons, who have our Pianos in use:

Gen. Robert E. Lee, Lexington, Va.; Gen. Robert Ransom, Wilmington, N. C.; Rev. C. B. Riddick, Kittrell's Springs, N. C.; Willie J. Palmer, Deaf and Dumb Institute, Branson, Farrar & Co., and P. F. Pescod, of Raleigh, and Capt. Henry Richards, of Hillsborough, N. C.

For terms and further particulars apply to

Prof. CHARLES O. PAPE,
Agent for Hillsborough.

November 27. 16 - 12m

WILLIAM H. WILLARD, Special Par. RICHARD N. TAYLOR, General Partner.

RICHARD N. TAYLOR,

WHOLESAL GROCERY

AND

Commission Merchant,

Corner Craven & South Front Streets,

NEWBERN, N. C.

Refers to J. M. Conway, 15 Park Place, New York,
Wygant & Hoest, 68 Dey Street, "
James S. Woodward's Sons, 28 North Front Street, Philadelphia,
W. B. Gulic & George W. Swipson, Nat Bank, Raleigh, N. C.
R. M. Gates & Co., Charlotte, N. C.

December 4. 17—

ROCK SPRING ACADEMY,

EIGHT MILES SOTHWEST OF HILLSBOROUGH

Preparatory to Wake Forest, or any other College, or for the active Business of life.

Third Session commences on the 10th of January, and ends the 1st of June following.

THE English, French, Greek, and Latin Languages, Natural Sciences, Arithmetic, Algebra, Geometry, Trigonometry, preparatory to Surveying; Book Keeping, History, and the ordinary branches, will be taught.

Tuition, $10, $13, $15, $20 and $25, according to course; paid half in advance, half first of April.

Students from a distance, board in family with Principal: Fifty dollars in advance pays for Board, furnished rooms, fuel and washing per session, or $25 for half; otherwise $12 per month are charged.

Proper care will be taken, and decided discipline enforced, to instil moral principles as well as habits of application.

Buildings commodious, situation pleasant; morality and other advantages render the location desirable for a School. Young ministers admitted at one half minister's sons and disabled Confederate soldiers two thirds the usual rates, or the latter on time.

Circulars sent on application, and applications for board desired early

☞ Facilities for boarding one's self, at moderate price. Address

H. M. CATES, A. B., Principal,
Rock Spring, N. C.

References given when required.

Dec. 11. 18—6w

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

ORANGE COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, November Term, 1867.

Bersheba Hopkins, by her Guardian W. W. Mangum,
vs.
Heirs of Gilbert Hopkins.
Petition to sell Land.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the defendants are not inhabitants of the State, It is therefore ordered that publication be made in the Hillsborough Recorder, a newspaper published in the town of Hillsborough, for six weeks, notifying the said defendants to be and appear at the next term of this Court, to be held in the Court House in Hillsborough on the fourth Monday of February next, then and there to plead, answer or demur to said petition, or the same will be taken pro confesso, and heard ex parte as to them.

Witness, George Laws, Clerk of said Court, at office in Hillsborough, the fourth Monday of November, A. D. 1867.

GEORGE LAWS, *C. C. C.*

December 18. Price adv. $8 19—6w

Ho! for the Oyster Season!—1867

THE subscriber would respectfully inform his former patrons and the public generally, that he has made complete arrangements to receive both Fresh and Pickled OYSTERS regularly, from the best Oyster houses in Norfolk, and guarantees that that the Oysters from this establishment, both fresh and pickled, will not be excelled by any that can be brought to this market.

He has also fitted up his cutting room expressly for cooking up oysters in all the best styles, and he flatters himself that, after twenty years experience, he will be able to give general satisfaction to all who may be disposed to patronize his house. Oysters can be had at all times, both night and day. He returns his sincere thanks to his friends for their liberal patronage last season, and trusts that he may merit a continuance of their patronage for the season of 1867.

☞ Families will be supplied on the most liberal terms.

R. F. PLEASANTS.

NEW GOODS JUST RECEIVED.

AND FRESH CHEAP GOODS COMING IN EVERY WEEK.

FOR THE LADIES.

CALICOES, Plaids, American and French De Lanes, Superior Black and Colored Alpaca Empress Cloths, Lustres, Oriental, Armures, Cloaks, Shawls, Flannels, White and Checked Muslins, White and Colored Tarletons, Ribbons, Kid and other Gloves and Gauntlets, Collars and Cuffs, Corsets, Handkerchiefs, Jet Ornaments and Jet Trimmings, Shoes, Gaiters, Hats, Bonnets, &c. &c. &c.

FORGENTS.

Coats, Pants, Vests, Hats, Shirts, Bosoms, Collars, Cassimers, Satinets, Kentucky Janes, Drills, Boots, Shoes, Cravats, Gloves, Gauntlets, &c. &c. &c.

FOR COACH MAKERS.

Linseed Oil, Varnish, White Lead (dry and in oil.) Paints, &c. Enamelled Cloths, Drills, Ducks, Oil Cloths.

FOR SHOE MAKERS.

Leather of all kinds, and everything used in making Boots and Shoes.

LAMPS! LAMPS!!

Kerosine and Aurora Lamps, Chimneys, Wicks, Burners, and Oil.

JAMES WEBB, Jr.

Sept. 25. 07—

THE COMMON SENSE SEWING MACHINE.

PRICE $20.000.

JAMES WEBB, Jr. Agt.
For Orange County.

Sept. 24. 07—

THERMOMETERS.

2 DOZEN, just received, by Express.

JAMES WEBB, Jr.

Sept. 24. 07—

SPECIAL NOTICE.

JUST ARRIVED, a lot of COOKING STOVES which will be sold very low, for Cash or Barter

JOHN LAWS.

Sept. 9.

JUST ARRIVED!!!

BUTTER Crackers, Cocoa Nuts,
Sugar Cakes, Filberts,
Stick Candy, Walnuts,
Mint Drops, Raisins,
Gum Drops, Almonds,
Rock Candy, Kisses,
Maple Sugar, French Mixture
&c. &c. &c.

Which will be sold low by

W. A. GATTIS, & Co.

Sept 9. 05—

PERUVIAN GUANO,

10,000 POUNDS, fresh and pure, now in store,

and for sale cheap, for cash only.

JAMES WEBB, Jr.

October 9. 09—

BARRELS! BARRELS!!

300 FLOUR Barrels, wanted.

JAMES WEBB, Jr.

Oct. 2 07—

GUANO,

THE PURE PERUVIAN,

WILL be on hand the latter part of this week.

JAMES WEBB Jr.

Oct. 2. 07—

STONEWAER! STONEWARE! land

A FINE lot of Fox's make of Stoneware, on h
At
W. A. GATTIS & Co.

Oct. 2. 07—

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

I AM now receiving my first instalment of FALL GOODS,

which I will sell cheap for Cash or Barter.

JAMES WEBB, Jr.

Sept. 8. 05—

TURNING,

AND

FITTING MACHINERY.

A ke. of TURNING
all kinds, ne and ep
at reasonable rates, at Orange Factory.

WM. H. HANKS.

September 18. 06—8w

CLOAKS STOLEN—FIVE DOLLARS REWARD FOR EACH.

TWO Ladies' Black Cloth Cloaks, trimmed with blac ...ade, stolen from my store. A liberal reward will be given for information.

JAMES WEBB, Jr.

September 25. 07—

NEW FALL GOODS.

SEPTEMBER, 1867.

I NOW have the best Stock of Goods I ever had and prices are lower than they have been since the war, which I offer, for

CASH,

DRIED FRIUT,
RAGS,
FLOUR,

or any thing else you wish to trade with.

JAMES WEBB, Jr.

Sept. 18. 06—

TO ARRIVE.

A FINE lot of Toys,
At
W. A. GATTIS, & CO.

Sept. 9. 05—

LIME.

FRESH Lump in Barrels.

J. WEBB, Jr.

HILLSBOROGUH

CHEAP CASH AND BARTER STORE.

New Goods,

NOW READY

Cheaper than Jew or Gentile,

AT

Wholesale and Retail.

Country Merchants, will be supplied at fair rates.

JAMES WEBB, Jun.

Oct. 3. 57—

A BEATTIFUL White Kerosene Oil in one and five gallon Tin Cans, at the
DRUG STORE.

WALKING Canes, at the
DRUG STORE.

IF YOU want a good smoke, go to the
DRUG STORE.

A FULL Line of Paints and Dye Stuffs, at the
DRUG STORE.

WHEATON'S and other Itch Ointment, at the
DRUG STORE.

FISH Hooks and Lines, Marbles &c. at the
DRUG STORE.

A FINE Assortment of Pipes and Stems, some very fine, at the
DRUG STORE.

YOU will find a pretty lot of Jewelry, at the
DRUG STORE.

SEWING Machine Oil, a superior article at the
DRUG STORE.

April 11. 32—

A FINE and full Assortment of Pocket Knives and Scissors, at the
DRUG STORE.

POMATUMS, Hair Oils, Colognes and Extracts for the Handkerchief, at the
DRUG STORE.

RAZORS, Razor Strops and Shaving Brushes, at the
DRUG STORE.

HAIR Brushes, Pocket, Round, Fine and Dressing Combs, at the
DRUG STORE.

KEROSENE Lamps, Shades, Wicks, Burners and Chimneys, at the
DRUG STORE.

CAP, Letter, Bill, Note and Legal Paper—Note and Letter Envelopes, at the
DRUG STORE.

POCKET Books and Port Monie Pocket Memorandum Books, at the
DRUG STORE.

A GREAT variety of Tooth and Nail Brushes, and Toilet Soap, Honey Soap and Shaving, at the
DRUG STORE.

TO PHYSICIANS AND OTHERS.

WE have just received a full and complete stock of Drugs and Medicines, which will be sold low for cash. Call and see the prices, at the
DRUG STORE,
Cain's Corner.

April 11th. 32—

Come at Last.—Money saved by buying late.

THE subscriber is receiving his stock of

FALL AND WINTER

GOODS,

Bought since the decline of Prices,

Which he offers to the public at his usual small profits for Cash or Barter.

His stock is very general, more extensive than usual. Give him a call, and he will try to please you in quality and price.

JOHN A. TURRENTINE.

October 19. 10—

PICTURE GALLERY.

I WOULD respectfully announce to my friends and the public, that I have opened a

PICTURE GALLERY

in this place, and am prepared to execute all kinds of Pictures in the best manner and at the most reasonable prices. Photographs, Ambrotypes, Ferreotypes, and all kinds of Pictures, made with neatness and dispatch. Produce of all kinds will be taken in payment.

JAMES R. GATTIS.

August 14. 01—

YOUR CREDIT IS GONE.

I HAVE sold some friends goods to be paid for in 30 and 60 days, and unless you pay me at once, my credit is gone, and yours is not good enough to buy more.

Most of my goods are bought at 30 days time, and the old fogy time of 6 and 12 months will ruin you and myself, so please haste up to my relief.

JAMES WEBB, Jr.

Sept. 18. 06—

TO TANNERS.

WANT high UPPER LEATHER.

I will sell it for you, or I will give Goods for it, Tanner's Oil, &c.

JAMES WEBB, Jr.

August 28. 03—

WANTED.

GUM and Dry Hides, in Exchange for Good

JAMES WEBB, Jun.

Oct. 24. 60—

TEA.

GREEN TEA, a fresh supply, better than usual.

J. WEBB, Jr.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

THE Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON will send (free of charge) to all who desire it, the prescription with directions for making and using the simple remedy by which he was cured of a lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption. His only object is to benefit the afflicted, and he hopes every sufferer will try this prescription, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Please address

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
No. 165 So. 2nd St., Williamsburg, N. York.

May 7. 87—12m

INFORMATION.

INFORMATION guaranteed to produce a luxuriant growth of hair upon a bald head or beardless face, also a recipe for the removal of Pimples, Blotches, Eruptions, &c., on the skin, leaving the same soft clear and beautiful, can be obtained without charges by addressing

THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist,
823 Broadway, New York.

September 18. 06—

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

☞ A Gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing in perfect confidence,

JOHN B. OGDEN,
No. 42 Cedar St., New York.

May 8. 36—12

PAINT, Varnish, White-wash and Brushes, at the
DRUG STORE.

FRUITS, NUTS AND CANDIES.

JUST received fresh
ORANGES, LEMONS,
NUTS, RAISINS,
FIGS in large and small boxes. A full assortment of Candies, Pickels, Crackers, Sardines, &c. &c., at the
DRUG STORE.

February, 27. 25—

STRAGE, BUT TRUE.

☞ Every young lady and gentleman in the United States can hear something very much to their advantage by return mail (free of charge), by addressing the undersigned. Those having fears of being humbugged will oblige by not noticing this card. All others will please address their obedient servant,

THOMAS F. CHAPMAN,
831 Broadway, New York

April 18. 33—13

NOTICE TO TANNERS AND PAINTERS.

JUST received, best quality of
TANNER'S AND LINSEED OIL.

JAMES WEBB, Jr.

Sept. 9th. 05—

PURE RYE WHISKEY,
Apple Brandy,
French Brandy,
Port Wine,
Madeira Wine,
Gin, for Medical purposes, at the
DRUG STORE.

CLOVER AND LUCERNE SEED. We will have Clover and Lucerne Seed in a few days at the
DRUG STORE.

BLUE STONE, at the
DRUG STORE.

CONGRESS WATER, at the
DRUG STORE

MACE, Nutmegs, Cloves, Spice,
Cinnamon, Ginger and Pepper, at the
DRUG STORE.

KEROSINE Lamp Chimneys, at the
DRUG STORE.

THE BEST TONIC in use, Elixer of Peruvian Bark with Protoxide of Iron, at the
DRUG STORE.

September 12. 04—

TWO BARRELS TAR for sale in quantities to suit, at the
DRUG STORE.

February 7.

TO THE LADIES.

WE have received a lot of Steven's & Howe's Family Dyes, for dying Ribbons Silk and Worsted Dresses, and other light goods. Also Soap Powders, for washing the same. Call and see samples, at the
DRUG STORE.

April 11th. 32—

JOS. J. HELLEN, EUGENE M. WILLIAMS.

HELLEN & WILLIAMS,

Grocers and Commission Merchants.

Court House Building,

Newbern, N. C.

July 24th, 1867. 99—6m

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